



# Y39 - Y39S

## DIGITAL ELECTRONIC REFRIGERATION UNITS CONTROLLER



### OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

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#### FOREWORD



This manual contains the information necessary for the product to be installed correctly and also instructions for its maintenance and use; we therefore recommend that the utmost attention is paid to the following instructions and to save it.

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#### INDEX

- 1 **INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION**
  - 1.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION
  - 1.2 FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION
- 2 **PROGRAMMING**
  - 2.1 FAST PROGRAMMING OF SET POINT
  - 2.2 STANDARD MODE PARAMETERS PROGRAMMING
  - 2.3 PARAMETER PROTECTION USING THE PASSWORD
  - 2.4 CUSTOMIZED MODE PARAMETER PROGRAMMING (PARAMETERS PROGRAMMING LEVEL)
  - 2.5 RESET PARAMETERS TO DEFAULT VALUE/LEVEL
  - 2.6 KEYBOARD LOCK FUNCTION
- 3 **INFORMATION ON INSTALLATION AND USE**
  - 3.1 PERMITTED USE
  - 3.2 MECHANICAL MOUNTING
  - 3.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
  - 3.4 ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAM
- 4 **FUNCTIONS**
  - 4.1 ON / STAND-BY FUNCTION
  - 4.2 MEASURING AND VISUALIZATION
  - 4.3 DIGITAL INPUT
  - 4.4 OUTPUTS AND BUZZER CONFIGURATION
  - 4.5 ACTIVE SET POINT SELECTION
  - 4.6 TEMPERATURE CONTROL
  - 4.7 COMPRESSOR PROTECTION FUNCTION AND DELAY AT POWER-ON
  - 4.8 DEFROST CONTROL
    - 4.8.1 AUTOMATIC DEFROST STARTS
    - 4.8.2 MANUAL DEFROST
    - 4.8.3 END DEFROST
    - 4.8.4 DEFROST DISPLAY LOCK
  - 4.9 EVAPORATOR FANS CONTROL
  - 4.10 ALARM FUNCTIONS
    - 4.10.1 TEMPERATURE ALARMS
    - 4.10.2 EXTERNAL ALARM (DIGITAL INPUT)
    - 4.10.3 OPEN DOOR ALARM
  - 4.11 FUNCTION OF KEYS "U" AND "DOWN/AUX"
  - 4.12 PARAMETERS CONFIGURATION BY "A01"
    - 4.12.1 "TVR Y" REMOTE DISPLAY
    - 4.12.2 RS 485 SERIAL INTERFACE BY "TLCNV"
    - 4.12.3 PARAMETERS CONFIGURATION BY "A01"
- 5 **PROGRAMMABLE PARAMETERS TABLE**
- 6 **PROBLEMS, MAINTENANCE AND GUARANTEE**
  - 6.1 SIGNALLING
  - 6.2 CLEANING
  - 6.3 GUARANTEE AND REPAIRS
- 7 **TECHNICAL DATA**
  - 7.1 ELECTRICAL DATA
  - 7.2 MECHANICAL DATA
  - 7.3 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS, PANEL CUT-OUT AND MOUNTING
  - 7.4 FUNCTIONAL DATA
  - 7.5 INSTRUMENT ORDERING CODE

#### 1 - INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

##### 1.1 - GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The model **Y39** is a digital controller with microprocessor that is typically used in cooling applications that have temperature control with ON/OFF regulation and defrosting control at intervals time or at reaching temperature by stopping compressor or by means of electrical heating or hot gas/reverse cycle.

The instrument has up to 3 relay outputs, up to 3 inputs for PTC or NTC temperature probes and a digital input (alternative to an temperature input), in addition can be equipped with an internal buzzer that is the sound system for alarms.

The 3 outputs can be configured for controlling the compressor or the temperature control device, the defrosting device, the evaporation fan or, alternatively any of the previous functions, using an auxiliary device or an alarm.

The 3 inputs for temperature probes can be used to measure the control temperature, the evaporator temperature, products or aux

temperature, while the digital input alternative to evaporator or aux temperature input can be programmed to carry out various functions such as door opened signal, defrosting commands, selecting a different set of temperature regulations, external alarm signals, activating a continuous cycle, and activating an auxiliary output etc. The model **Y39S** have the "S-touch" capacitive sensor keyboard system.



**1 - Key P** : Used for setting the Set point (press and release) and for programming the function parameters (hold pressed for 5 sec.) In programming mode is used to enter in parameters edit mode and confirm the values. In programming mode it can be used together with the UP key to change the programming level of the parameters. When the keyboard is locked it can be used together with the UP (hold pressed for 5 sec.) key to unlock the keyboard.

**2 - Key DOWN/Aux** : In programming mode is used for decreasing the values to be set and for selecting the parameters. In normal mode it can also be programmed via the parameter "t.Fb" to carry out other functions (hold pressed for 1 sec.) such as activating the Aux output, starting up the continuous cycle, etc. (see functions of keys U and Down).

**3 - Key UP/DEFROST** : In normal mode can be used to start/stop manual defrosting (hold pressed for 5 sec.). In programming mode is used for increasing the values to be set and for selecting the parameters. In programming mode can be used together with key P to change parameters level. Pressed together with the key P for 5 sec. allow the keyboard unlock

**4 - Key U** : Used (press and release) for visualising the instrument variables (measured temperatures etc.). In programming mode can be used to come back in normal mode (hold for 2 sec.). In normal mode it can also be programmed via the parameter "t.UF" to carry out other functions (hold pressed for 1 sec.) such as turning on and off (stand-by) the device, activating the Aux output, starting up the continuous cycle, etc. (see functions of keys U and Down).

**5 - Led SET** : In normal mode it serves to indicate when a key is pressed. In programming mode indicates the programming level of the parameters.

**6 - Led OUT - COOL** : Indicates the output status (compressor or temperature control device) when the instrument is programmed for cooling operation; on (on), off (off) or inhibited (flashing).

**7 - Led OUT - HEAT** : Indicates the output status (compressor or temperature control device) when the instrument is programmed for heating operation; on (on), off (off) or inhibited (flashing).

**8 - Led DEFROST** : Indicates defrosting in progress (on) or drainage time in progress (flashing)

**9 - Led FAN** : Indicates fan output status on (on), off (off) or inhibited (flashing).

**10 - Led ALARM** : Indicates the alarm status (on), off (off) and silenced or memorized (flashing)

**11 - Led AUX** : Indicates AUX output status on (on), off (off) or inhibited (flashing)

**12 - Led Stand-By**: Indicate the Stand-by status.

## 2 - PROGRAMMING

### 2.1 - FAST PROGRAMMING OF SET POINT

Press the key P then release it and the display will show "SP" (or "SP2" if the second set is active at that time) alternating with the set value.

To change it press the UP key to increase the value or DOWN to decrease it.

These keys increase or decrease the value one digit at a time, but if the button is pressed for more than one second the value increase

or decreases rapidly, and after two seconds pressed, the speed increases even more to all the desired value to be reached rapidly. When the desired value is set press the key P to exit from Set Point programming mode.

Exiting the Set mode is achieved by pressing the P key or automatically if no key is pressed for 10 seconds. After that time the display returns to the normal function mode.

### 2.2 - STANDARD MODE PARAMETERS PROGRAMMING

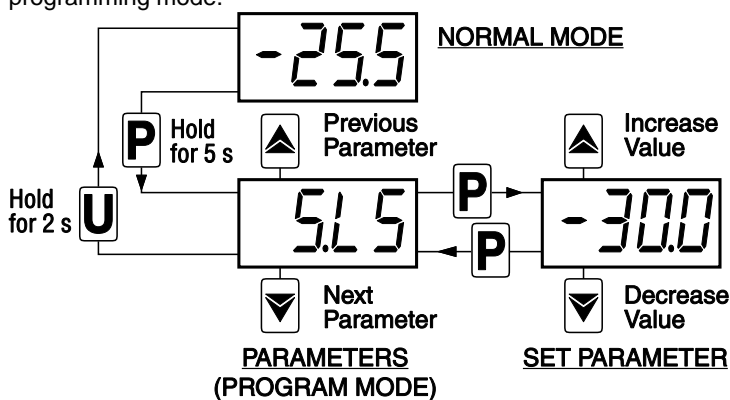
To access the instrument's function parameters when password protection is disabled, press the key P and keep it pressed for about 5 seconds, after which the display will visualise the code that identifies the first parameter.

Using the UP and DOWN keys, the desired parameter can be selected and pressing the P key, the display will alternately show the parameter code and its setting that can be changed with the UP and DOWN keys.

Once the desired value has been set, press the key P again: the new value will be memorised and the display will show only the code of the selected parameter.

Pressing the UP and DOWN keys, it is possible to select another parameter and change it as described.

To exit the programming mode, do not press any key for about 30 seconds, or keep the U key pressed for 2 sec. until it exits the programming mode.



### 2.3 - PARAMETER PROTECTION USING THE PASSWORD

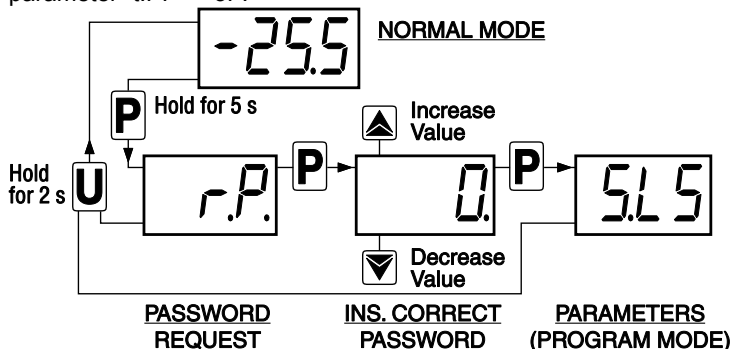
The instrument has a parameter protection function using a password that can be personalised, through the "t.PP" parameter. If one wishes to have this protection, set the password number desired in the parameter "t.PP".

When the protection is activate, press the P key to access the parameters and keep it press for about 5 seconds, after which the display will show "r.P".

At this point press P, the display show "0", using the UP and DOWN keys, set the password number programmed and press the key P.

If the password is correct, the display will visualise the code that identifies the first parameter and it will be possible to program the instrument in the same ways described in the previous section.

Protection using a password can be disabled by setting the parameter "t.PP" = oF.

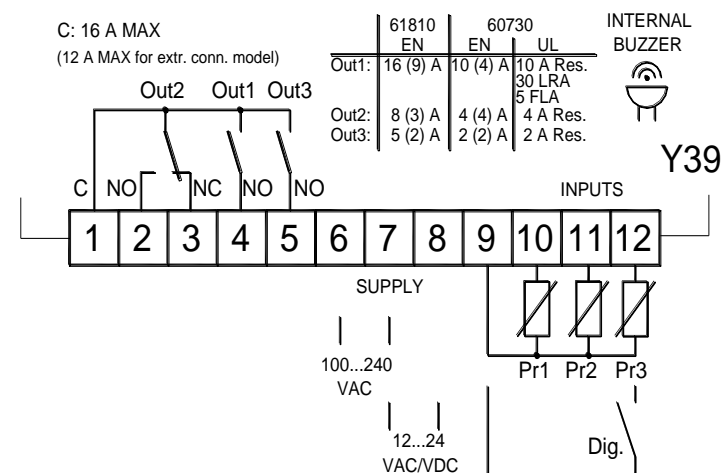


**Note:** If the Password gets lost, just swith off and on the instrument supply, push P key during the initial test and keeping the key pressed for 5 seconds.

In this way it's possible to have access to all the parameters, verify and modify the par. "t.PP".



### 3.4 - ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAM



All the controls will always happen in operation of the measure corrected only by the calibration parameters ("i.C1", "i.C2", "i.C3"). The normal visualisation on the display is established by par. "i.dS", but it is possible to visualise all the variables and the highest and lowest Pr1 peak measurement values in rotation by quickly pressing and releasing key U.

The display will alternately show the code that identifies the variable and its value.

The variable are:

"Pr1" - Pr1 temperature

"Pr2" - Pr2 temperature ( on/oF state if is progr. as digital input )

"Pr3" - Pr3 temperature ( on/oF state if is progr. as digital input )

"Lt" and the lowest Pr1 peak temperature

"Ht" and the highest Pr1 peak temperature

When the instrument is switched off, peak values are always re-set. However, it is also possible to reset these values if the instrument is switched on by using the DOWN key hold for 3 sec. during peak visualization.

The display will show "---" and peaks memory will be reset.

The exit of this visualisation mode occurs automatically 15 seconds after the last pressing on the key U.

Please remember that visualisation of the Pr1 probe can be changed by the defrosting display lock function, by using the parameter "d.dL" (see defrost function).

## 4 - FUNCTIONS

### 4.1 - ON / STAND-BY FUNCTION

The instrument, once powered up, can assume 2 different conditions:

- ON : means that the controller uses the control functions.
- STAND-BY : means that the controller does not use any control function and the display is turned off except for the Stand-by led.

If there is no power, and then power returns, the system always sets itself in the condition it was in before the black-out.

The ON/Stand-by function can be selected:

- Pressing the key U for at least 1 sec. if the parameter "t.UF" = 4.
- Pressing the key DOWN/AUX for at least 1 sec. if the parameter "t.Fb" = 4.
- using the digital input if the parameter "i.Fi" = 10

### 4.2 - MEASURING AND VISUALIZATION

Via the parameter "i.SE" it is possible to select the type of probes that one wishes to use and which can be: thermistores PTC KTY81-121 (Pt) or NTC 103AT-2 (nt).

Via the parameter "i.uP", it is possible to select the temperature unit of measurement the desired measurement resolution (C0=°C / 1° ; C1=°C / 0.1° ; F0= °F / 1° ; F1= °F / 0.1°).

The instrument allows the measuring to be calibrated, that can be used for re-calibrating the instrument according to application needs, through the parameters "i.C1" (for the input Pr1), "i.C2" (for the input Pr2) and "i.C3" (for the input Pr3).

The functions carried out by Pr2 and Pr3 probes is defined by the parameters "i.P2" and "i.P3"

This parameters can be configured for the following functions:

= EP - Evaporator probe: used to managing the defrost and the evaporator fans (see relative functions)

= Au - Auxiliary probe

= dG - Digital input (see Digital input functions)

If probe Pr2 and/or Pr3 is/are not used, set the relative parameter "i.P2" and/or "i.P3" = oF.

It is not possible to program the two parameters for the same function. (priority goes to i.P2)

Using the parameter "i.Ft", it is possible to set the time constant for the software filter for measuring the input values to be able to reduce the sensitivity to measurement disturbances (increasing the time).

Through the parameter "i.dS", it is possible to fix the normal visualisation on the display that can be the measurement of the probe Pr1 (P1), the measurement of the probe Pr2 (P2), the measurement of the probe Pr3 (P3), the active set point value (SP), or it can have the numerical display switched off (oF).

Through the parameter "i.CU", it is possible to program an measure offset that will be applied to the temperature show on the display (only if i.dS= P1, P2, P3).

### 4.3 - DIGITAL INPUT

The digital input present on the instrument, alternative to Pr2 or Pr3 probe, accepts free voltage contacts, the function carried out is defined by the parameter "i.Fi" and the action can be delayed for the time set in parameter "i.ti".

If digital input is used, set the input relative parameter "i.P2" or "i.P3" = dG.

The parameter "i.Fi" can be configured for the following functions:

= 0 - No function

= 1 - Defrosting start command with contact normally open: on closing the digital input 1 (and after the "i.ti" time) a defrosting cycle is activated.

= 2 - Defrosting end command with contact normally open: on closing the digital input 1 (and after the "i.ti" time) a defrosting cycle is ended if in progress or defrosting is inhibited.

= 3 - continuous cycle activation command with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) a continuous cycle is started up as described in the paragraph on the continuous cycle function.

= 4 - External alarm signal with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the alarm is activated and the instrument visualises AL and the variable set in parameter "i.dS" alternately on the display.

= 5 - Cell door opening with fan stop with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the fans are stopped and the instrument visualises oP and the variable set in parameter "i.dS" alternately on the display. With this function mode, the action of the digital input also activates the time that can be set in parameter "A.oA" after which the alarm is activated to signal that the door has been left open and the fan restart.

= 6 - Cell door opening with compressor and fan stop with contact normally open: similar to "i.Fi" = 5 but with fan and compressor stop. At the intervention of the door open alarm alarm compressor and fan restarts.

= 7 - Remote control of auxiliary output AUX with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the auxiliary output is activated as described in the "i.Fo" = 2 function mode of the auxiliary output.

= 8 - Selecting the active set point (SP/SP2) with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the temperature set point "SP2" is activated. When instead the input is open the set point "SP" is active.

= 9 - Signalling of external alarm with disablement of all the control outputs with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) all the control outputs are disabled, the alarm is activated and the instrument visualises AL and the variable set in parameter "i.dS" alternately on the display.

= **10** - Switching on/switching off (Stand-by) of instrument with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the instrument is switched on while it is placed in Stand-by when opened.

= **11** - Selecting the active set point (SP/SP2) and heating/cooling control mode with contact normally open: on closing the digital input (and after the "i.ti" time) the temperature set point "SP2" with cooling action is activated. When instead the input is open the set point "SP" with heating action is active.

= **-1, -2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -7, -8, -9, -10** - Like "i.Fi" with positive values but with function logic reversed (contact normally closed)

#### 4.4 - OUTPUTS AND BUZZER CONFIGURATION

The instrument outputs can be configured by the relative parameters "o.o1", "o.o2" "o.o3".

The outputs can be configured for the following functions:

= **ot** - to control the compressor or however, the temperature control device

= **dF** - to control the defrosting device

= **Fn** - to control the fans

= **Au** - to control the auxiliary device

= **At** - to control a silenceable alarm device through a contact that is normally open, and then closed when the alarm sounds

= **AL** - to control an alarm that cannot be silenced through a contact that is normally open and closed when the alarm sounds.

= **An** - to control an alarm with a memory function through a contact that is normally open and closed when the alarm sounds (see alarm memory).

= **-At** - to control a silenceable alarm device through a contact that is normally closed, and then open when the alarm sounds.

= **-AL** - control an alarm that cannot be silenced through a contact that is normally closed and open when the alarm sounds.

= **-An** - to control an alarm with a memory function through a contact that is normally closed and open when the alarm sounds.

= **on** - Output on when the instrument is in on state. This mode can be used to control lights, non-misting resistance on room door or other utilities

= **oF** - Disabled output

The function carried out for auxiliary output (par. desired output = Au) is defined by the parameter "o.Fo" and the function is conditioned by the time set in parameter "o.tu".

The parameter "o.Fo" can be configured for the following functions:

= **oF** - Auxiliary output not active

= **1** - Temperature control output delayed with delay that can be set on the parameter "o.tu" compared to the output configured as ot. The output is then turned off at the same time as the ot output is disabled. This function mode can be used as a command for a second compressor or for all other working utilities according to the same ot output conditions, but which must be delayed after the start up of the compressor to avoid excess electricity absorption.

= **2** - Activation by front key (U or DOWN/AUX) or by digital input with contact normally open: the output is activated by pressing the keys U or DOWN/AUX suitably configured ("t.UF" or "t.Fb" = 1) or via activation of the digital input if suitably configured ("i.Fi"=7). These commands have a bi-stable function, Which means that when first pressed, the output key is activated while the second is disabled. In this mode, the AUX output can be turned off automatically after a certain time that can be set on the parameter "o.tu". With "o.tu" = oF the output is activated and deactivated only manually, using the key (U or DOWN/AUX) or via the digital input. Differently, the output, once activated, is turned off automatically after the set time. This function can be used, for example, as a cell light command, for non-misting resistance or other utilities.

= **3** - Light output managed by Active set point ( "economy" function).

This output will be on in "normal" mode (Set Point "SP" active) and off in economy mode operation (Set Point "SP2" active).

= **4** - Internal Light output managed by digital input. This output will be on when door is opened ("i.Fi"= 5, 6).

The internal buzzer (if present) can be configured by par. "o.bu" for the following functions:

**oF** = Buzzer always disable

**1** = Buzzer signal active alarms only

**2** = Buzzer signal key pressed only (no alarm)

**3** = Buzzer signal active alarms and key pressed

#### 4.5 - ACTIVE SET POINT SELECTION

The instrument allows up to 2 different Set points to be pre-set ("SP" and "SP2") and then to choose which one to make active.

This function can be used if it is necessary to switch two different function temperatures (e.g. day and night or positive and negative etc).

The active set point can be selected:

- Using the parameter "S.SA"

- using the key U if the parameter "t.UF" = 3.

- Using the key DOWN/AUX if the parameter "t.Fb" = 3.

- Using the digital input if the parameter. "i.Fi" = 8 or 11

The selection of the Set point active can be also combined to the

function of switch off Auxiliary output if used as light ("o.Fo" = 3)

and to Heating/Cooling change action by digital input ("i.Fi"=11).

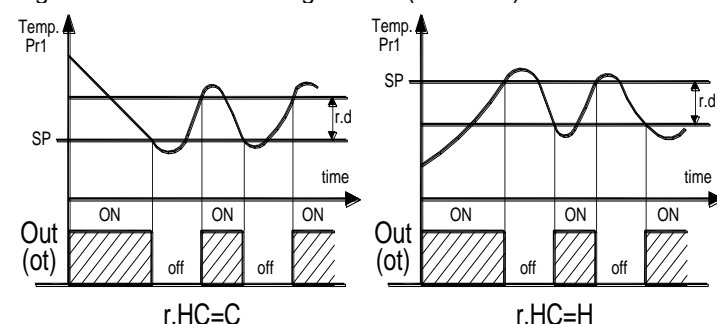
The Set points "SP" and "SP2" can be set with a value between the programmed value in parameter. "S.LS" and the programmed value in parameter "S.HS".

**Note:** in the examples that follow, the Set point is generally indicated as "SP", how when operating the instrument will work according to the Set point selected as active.

#### 4.6 - TEMPERATURE CONTROL

The regulation of the instrument is ON/OFF and acts on the output configured as "ot" depending on the measuring of probe Pr1, of the active Set Point "SP" (or "SP2"), the intervention differential "r.d" and the function mode "r.HC".

Depending on the function mode programmed on the parameter "r.HC" the differential is automatically considered by the regulator with positive values for a Refrigeration control ("r.HC"=C) or with negative values for a heating control ("r.HC"=H).



In the event of probe error, it is possible to set the instrument so that that the output continues to work in cycles according to the times programmed in the parameter "r.t1" (activation time) and "r.t2" (deactivation time).

If an error occurs on the probe the instrument activates the output for the time "r.t1", then deactivates it for the time "r.t2" and so on whilst the error remains.

Programming "r.t1" = oF the output in probe error condition will remain switched off.

Programming instead "r.t1" to any value and "r.t2" = oF the output in probe error condition will remain switched on.

Remember that the temperature regulation function can be conditioned by the "Continuous Cycle", "Compressor Protection and output delay at power-on", "Defrost", "Door open" and "external alarm with outputs disable" functions.

#### 4.7 - COMPRESSOR PROTECTION FUNCTION AND DELAY AT POWER-ON

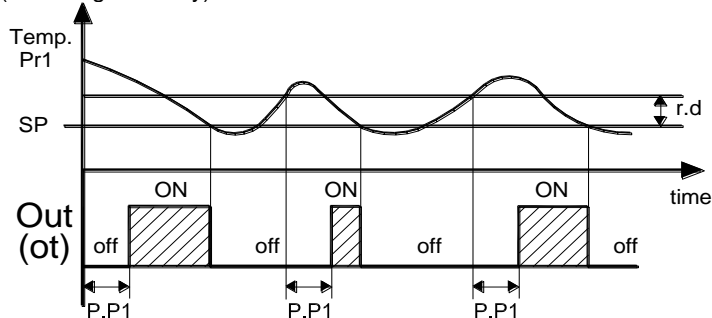
The function "Compressor Protection" aims to avoid close start ups of the compressor controlled by the instrument in cooling applications.

This function foresees 3 time controls on the switching on of the output configured as "ot" associated with the temperature regulation request.

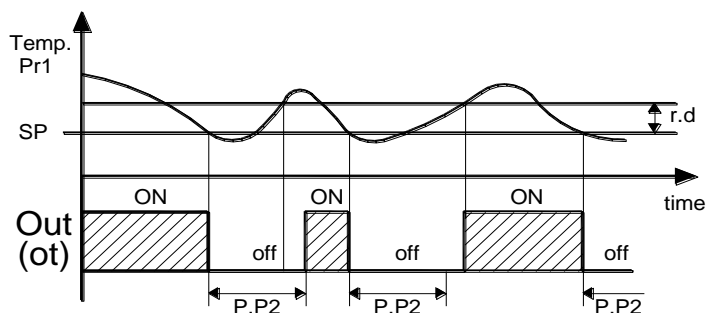
The protection consists of preventing the output being switched on during the times set in the parameters "P.P1", "P.P2" and "P.P3"

and therefore that any activation occurs only after all the times has finished.

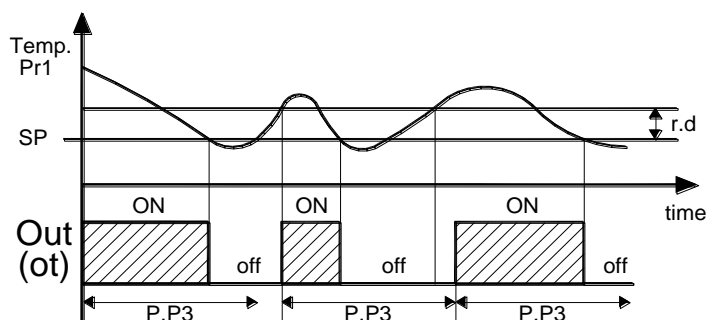
First control (par. **"P.P1"**) foresees a delay to the output activation (switching-on delay).



Second control (par. **"P.P2"**) foresees an inhibition to the activation of the output by a time delay that starts when the output is turning off (delay after switching-off).



Third control (par. **"P.P3"**) foresees an inhibition to the activation of the output by a time delay that starts when the output was turning on last time (delay between switching-on).



During the output inhibition the led OUT (Cool o Heat) blinking. It is also possible to prevent activation of the output after the instrument is turned on, for the time set in the parameter **"P.od"**. During the power on delay phase, the display shows the indication **od**, alternating with the normal visualisation. All the functions are disabled by relative parameters = oF.

#### 4.8 - DEFROST CONTROL

The defrosting control acts on the outputs configured as "ot" and "dF".

The type of defrosting that the instrument must carry out is set by the parameter **"d.dt"** that can be programmed:

= **EL** - WITH ELECTRICAL HEATING (or BY STOPPING COMPRESSOR): during defrosting, the output "ot" is deactivated while the output "dF" is enabled.

The defrost will be by Stopping compressor if not using the "dF" output

= **in** - WITH HOT GAS or INVERSION OF CYCLE:

during defrosting the outputs "ot" and "dF" are enabled

= **no** - WITHOUT COMPRESSOR OUTPUT CONDITIONING: during defrosting, the output "ot" continuous to operate in order to temperature controller while the output "dF" is enabled.

= **Et** - WITH ELECTRICAL HEATING AND DEFROSTING TEMPERATURE CONTROL: during defrosting, the output "ot" is deactivated while the output "dF" operate as evaporator temperature control. In this mode the defrost length is by time-out

(time "d.dE"). During the defrost "dF" output it behaves as an heating mode temperature control with Set = "d.tE" and fixed differential at 1°C and operate in order to evaporator probe (EP).

##### 4.8.1 - AUTOMATIC DEFROST STARTS

The automatic control of defrost occurs by interval times.

The automatic defrost function is activate when at the parameter **"d.di"** is set the defrost interval time.

The first defrost after swiching on can be set by par. **"d.Sd"**

This allows to perform the first defrost to a different interval from "d.di." time.

If it is desired that to every instrument power on a defrost cycle is realized (as long as the conditions set in the parameters "d.tS" and "d.tE" apply) program the par. "d.Sd" = oF.

This allows the evaporator to be permanently defrosted, even when frequent interruptions to power supply occur that may cause the cancellation of the various defrosting cycles.

Instead if is desired all defrost to the same interval program "d.Sd" = "d.di."

Automatic defrost function is disable when **"d.di"** = oF.

Counting mode interval and automatic defrost starts is set through the parameter **"d.dC"** that can be programmed:

= **rt** - intervals with counts the total function time (instrument on)

This mode results that currently used in the refrigerators systems.

= **ct** - intervals with counts only the compressor function time (output "ot" switched on)

Mode typically used in the positive temperature refrigerators system with defrost by stopping compressor.

= **cS** - the instrument carries out a defrosting cycle at each compressor stop (i.e. at each deactivation of the output "ot") or however at defrost interval end with counts the total function time (instrument on).

If **"d.di"** = oF the defrost happens only to the compressor stop.

This mode is used only on particular refrigerator system in which is desired to always have the evaporator to the maximum efficiency conditions every compressor cycle.

= **St** - Defrost for evaporator temperature. The instrument starts a defrost cycle when the temperature evaporator ("EP" probe) goes below the **"d.tS"** programmed temperature or however at defrost interval end with counts the total function time (instrument on).

If **"d.di"** = oF the defrost happens only when the evaporator temperature goes below **"d.tS"** temperature.

This system can be used in heat pump defrost system (in this case the defrosting intervals are usually disabled) or to guarantee a defrost if the evaporator reaches very low temperatures that normally result symptomatic of a bad thermal exchange in comparison to the normal working conditions.

= **dd** - "DYNAMIC DEFROST INTERVALS SYSTEM". This mode allows to dynamically reduce in progress the defrost interval counting (**"d.di"** or **"d.Sd"** if is the first defrost), anticipating so the execution of a defrost when it was necessary, in order to an algorithm that allows to notice a decrease performances of refrigerator thermal exchange.

Besides it maintains activates the mode **"St"** that it allows a further possibility of control of the defrost in order to notice a decrease performances of refrigerator thermal exchange.

The algorithm allows to esteem a reduction of thermal exchange in base to the increase of the difference of temperature between Pr1 (controlled temperature) and evaporator ("EP" probe) that is memorized by the instrument in proximity of the Set Point.

The advantage of the "Dynamic Defrost Interval" is the possibility to program a defrost interval time more longer than normal.

The instrument will have the possibility to anticipate the defrost if necessary or to start the cycle after the programmed time.

If the system results set correctly is possible to avoid many non necessary defrosting cycles (and therefore to obtain an energy saving) that could instead happens in the normal operation when, to guarantee with greater certainty the system efficiency, the defrost interval is programmed at a too low time.

In addition to normal defrost parameters the "Dynamic Defrost Intervals System", it foresees the parameter:

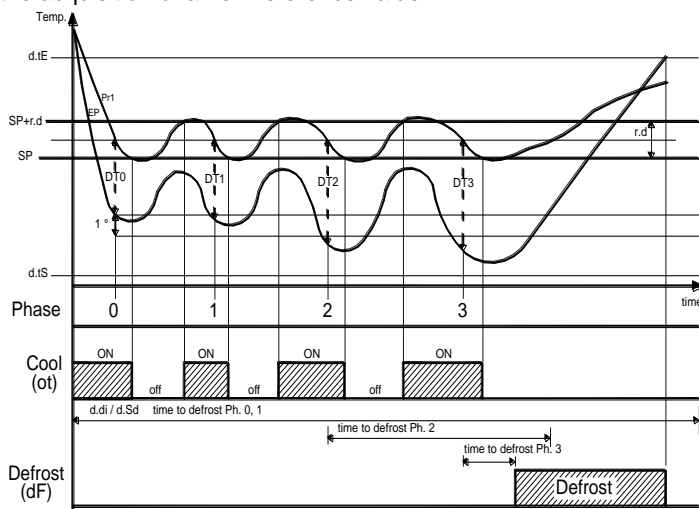
**"d.dd"** - DEFROST INTERVAL PERCENTAGE REDUCTION. It allows to establish the percentage of reduction of the remaining time to start defrost when the conditions for the reduction happen.



If par. "d.dd" = 100% at the first increase of the memorized difference of temperature between cell (Pr1) and evaporator ( $> 1^\circ$ ) a defrost start immediately

For correct functioning the instrument needs a first reference value of the temperature difference between cell and evaporator.

Every variation of the value of the Active Set Point, of the differential "r.d", the start of a continuous cycle or the a defrost execution delete this reference value and any reduction will be performed until the acquisition of a new reference value.



Example "dynamic defrost intervals system" with a reduction "d.dd" = 40 % and end defrost by temperature.

#### 4.8.2- MANUAL DEFROST

To start up a manual defrosting cycle, press the key UP/DEFROST when it is not in programming mode and keep it pressed for about 5 seconds after which, if the conditions are correct, the led Defrost will light up and the instrument will carry out a defrosting cycle.

To stop a defrosting cycle, press the key UP/DEFROST during a defrost cycle and keep it pressed for about 5 sec.

The start up or switch off commands of a defrosting cycle can also be given by the digital input that are correctly programmed (see Digital input).

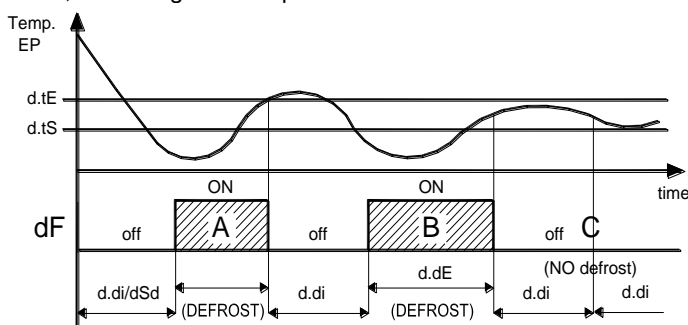
#### 4.8.3 - DEFROST ENDS

The automatic defrosting cycle can be ended by time or, if an evaporator probe is used ("EP" probe), when a temperature on the evaporator is reached.

If the evaporator probe is not used or it is program the defrost temperature control (par. "d.dy" = Et) the duration cycle is set by the parameter "d.dE".

If instead the evaporator probe is used it is not program the defrost temperature control (par. "d.dy" = EL, in, no) the defrost cycle end when the temperature measured by the evaporator probe exceeds the temperature set in the parameter "d.tE".

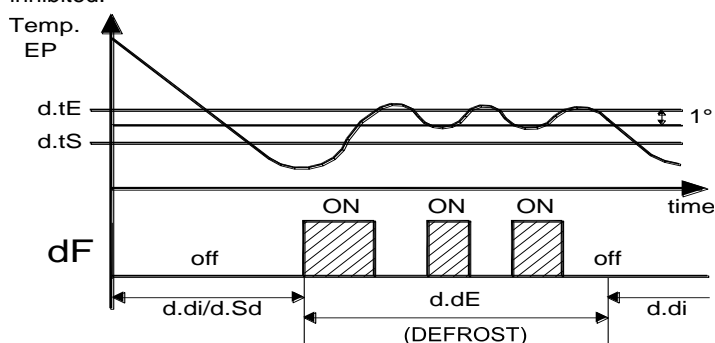
If this temperature is not reached in the time set in the parameter "d.dE", defrosting is interrupted.



**Examples:** defrosting A ends due to reaching of temperature "d.tE", defrosting B ends at the end of the "d.dE" time as the temperature "d.tE" is not reached, defrosting C does not take place as the temperature is higher than "d.tS".

In order to avoid pointless defrosting the parameter "d.tS" in "d.dC" = rt, ct, cS mode is foreseen that sets the enablement temperature for defrosting

If the temperature measured by the probe is higher than the one set in the parameter "d.tS" and in the parameter "d.tE" the defrosting is inhibited.



Example of electric defrost with evaporator temperature control: The defrost end after "d.dE" programmed time. During defrost the "dF" output switch on/off to control evaporator temperature in heating mode with set point "d.tE" and  $1^\circ$  differential (Hysteresis).

The active defrost is shown on the instrument display with the lighting up of the DEFROST led

At the end of defrosting, it is possible to delay the new start up of the compressor (output "ot") at the time set in parameter "d.td" to allow the evaporator to drain.

During this delay, the led Defrost flashes to indicate the draining state.

#### 4.8.4 - DEFROST DISPLAY LOCK

Through par. "d.dL" and "A.dA" it's possible to define the display behaviour during defrost.

The "d.dL" parameter permits the display visualization lock on the last Pr1 emperature reading ("d.dL" = on) during all the defrost cycle until, at the end of defrost, the temperature has not reached the lock value or the value ["SP" + "r.d"] or is elapsed the time setted on par. "A.dA".

Or it permits only the visualization of label "dEF" ("d.dL" = Lb) during the defrost cycle and, after the defrost, of label "PdF" until, at the end of defrost, the Pr1 temperature has not reached the lock value or the value ["SP" + "r.d"] or is elapsed the time setted on par. "A.dA".

The display will otherwise ("d.dL" = oF) continue to visualize the Pr1 temperature measured by the probe during the defrost cycle.

#### 4.9 - EVAPORATOR FANS CONTROL

The control of the fans on the output configured as "Fn" depending on determined control statuses of the instrument and the temperature measured by the evaporator probe (EP).

In the case that the evaporator probe is not used or in error, the output Fn is activated only depending on the parameters "F.tn", "F.tF" and "F.FE".

The parameters "F.tn" e "F.tF" decides the fans functioning when the output configured as "ot" (compressor) is off.

When output "ot" is off, it is possible to set the instrument so that that the output "Fn" continues to work in cycles according to the times programmed in the parameter "F.tn" (fan activation time) and "F.tF" (fan deactivation time).

When output "ot" is switched off the instrument activates the output "Fn" for the time "F.tn", then deactivates it for the time "F.tF" and so on whilst the output "ot" remains off.

Programming "F.tn" = oF the output "Fn" in "ot" off condition will remain switched off.

Programming instead "F.tn" to any value and "F.tF" = oF the output "Fn" in "ot" off condition will remain switched on.

The parameter "F.FE" instead decides whether the fans must always be switched on independently of the defrosting status ("F.FE" = on) or switched off during defrosting ("F.FE" = oF).

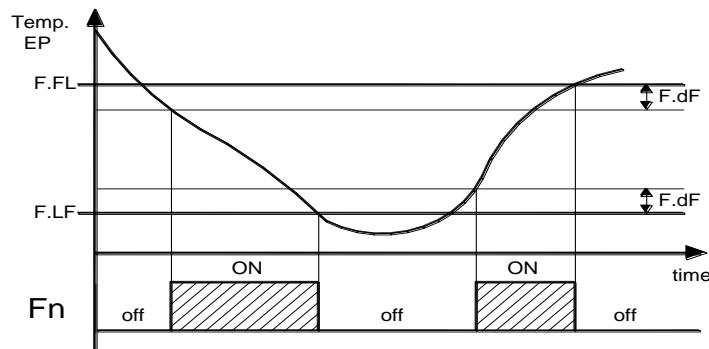
In this latter case, it is possible to delay the start up of the fans even after the end of the defrosting of the time set in the parameter "F.Fd".

When this delay is active the led FAN flashing to signal the delay in progress.

When the evaporator probe is used the fans, as well as being conditioned by the parameters "F.tn", "F.tF" and "F.FE", are also conditioned by a temperature control.

It is possible to set the disablement of the fans when the temperature measured by the evaporator probe is higher than the one set in the parameter "F.FL" (temperature too hot) or when it is lower than the one set in the parameter "F.LF" (temperature too cold).

The relative differential that can be set in parameter "F.dF" is also associated with these parameters.



Remember that the fans functioning can be conditioned by the "Door open" function by the digital input.

*Notes: It is necessary to pay attention to the correct use of this fans temperature control functions because in the typical application of refrigeration the stop of the fans evaporator stops thermal exchange.*

#### 4.10 - ALARM FUNCTIONS

The alarm conditions of the instrument are:

- Probe errors : "E1", "-E1", "E2", "-E2", "E3", "-E3",
- temperature alarms: "Hi" and "Lo"
- External alarm: "AL"
- Open door alarm: "oP"

The alarm functions of the instrument work on the ALARM led, on internal buzzer (if present and programmed by par. "o.bu") and on output desired, if configured by the parameters "o.o1", "o.o2" or "o.o3", depending on what is set on the said parameters.

Any active alarm is shown on the instrument display with the lighting up of the ALARM led, the silenced or memorized alarm status is shown by the ALARM led flashing.

The buzzer (if "o.bu" = 1 or 3) is activated in alarm and can be disabled (alarm silencing) manually by pressing any key of the instrument.

The possible selections of output parameters for the alarm signalling function are:

= **At** - when one wants the output to be activated in alarm and can be disabled (alarm silencing) manually by pressing any key of the instrument (typical application for sound signal).

= **AL** - when one wants the output to be activated in alarm status but cannot be disabled manually and are therefore only disabled when the alarm status ceases (typical application for a light signal).

= **An** - when one wants the output to be activated in alarm status and that they remain activated even when the alarm has ceased (see par.4.10.4) Disablement (recognition of memorised alarm) can only be carried out manually by pressing any key when the alarm has ended (typical application for light signal).

= **-At** - when one wants the function described as At but with an inverse function (output activated in normal condition and disabled in alarm status).

= **-AL** - when one wants the function described as AL but with inverse logic (output activated in normal conditions and disabled in alarm status).

= **-An** - when one wants the function described as An but with inverse working logic (output activated in normal conditions and disabled in alarm status).

The instrument offers the possibility of arranging the alarm memory function via the parameter "A.tA".

If "A.tA" = oF, the instrument cancels the alarm signal when the alarm status ends, if instead it is programmed as "on", the instrument maintains the alarm signal when the alarm status ends.

To cancel the alarm memory signal, press any key.

It must be remembered that if an output function is desired with an alarm memory (=An or =-An) it is necessary to set the parameter "A.tA" = on.

##### 4.10.1 - TEMPERATURE ALARMS

The temperature alarms work according to the programmed probe measurement, the type of alarm set in the parameter "A.Ay" the alarm thresholds set in parameters "A.HA" (maximum alarm) and "A.LA" (minimum alarm) and the relative differential "A.Ad".

Through the parameter "A.Ay" it is possible to set if the alarm thresholds "A.HA" and "A.LA" must be considered as absolute or relative to the Set Point, if the reference temperature must be Pr1 or "Au" probe measurement and if the display must be show the messages Hi (maximum alarm)/ Lo (minimum alarm) to the intervention of the alarms or no.

The possible selections of the parameter "A.Ay" are:

- = 1 : Pr1 Absolute Alarms with labels (Hi - Lo)
- = 2 : Pr1 Relative Alarms with labels (Hi - Lo)
- = 3 : "Au" probe Absolute Alarms with labels (Hi - Lo)
- = 4 : "Au" probe Relative Alarms with labels (Hi - Lo)
- = 5 : Pr1 Absolute Alarms without labels
- = 6 : Pr1 Relative Alarms without labels
- = 7 : "Au" probe Absolute Alarms without labels
- = 8 : "Au" probe Relative Alarms without labels

Using some parameters it is also possible to delay the enablement and the intervention of these alarms.

These parameters are:

"A.PA" - is the temperature alarm exclusion time on switching on the instrument if the instrument is in alarm status when it is switched on.

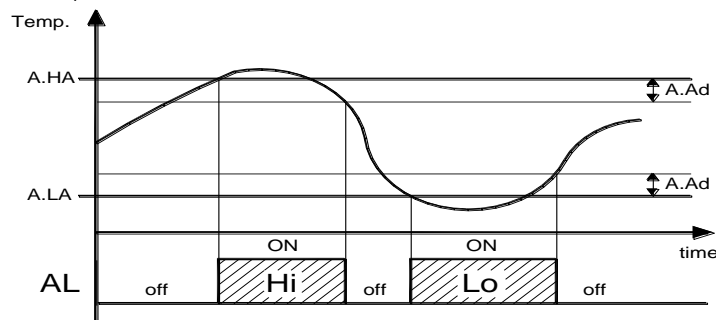
If the instrument at power on is not in temperature alarm conditions the time "A.PA" is not considered.

"A.dA" - is the temperature alarm exclusion time at the end of defrosting (and, if programmed, at the end of draining) and at the end of a continuous cycle.

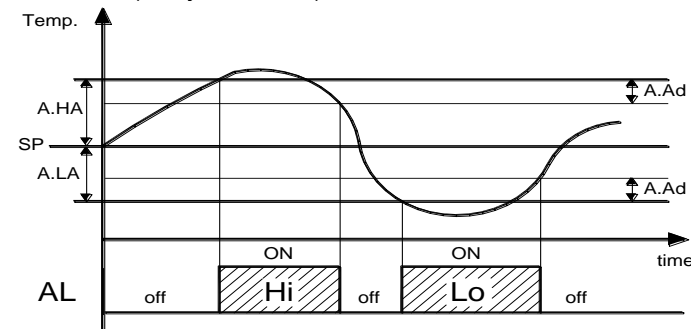
"A.At" - is the temperature alarm delay activation time

The temperature alarm is enabled at the end of exclusion time and is enabled after the "A.At" time when the temperature measured by the probe exceeds or goes below the respective maximum and minimum alarm thresholds.

The alarm thresholds will be the same as those set on the parameters "A.HA" and "A.LA" if the alarms are absolute ("A.Ay"=1, 3, 5, 7).



or will be the values ["SP"+"A.HA"] and ["SP"+"A.LA"] if the alarms are relative ("A.Ay"=2, 4, 6, 8).



The maximum and minimum temperature alarms can be disabled by setting the relative parameters "A.HA" and "A.LA" = oF.



#### 4.10.2 - EXTERNAL ALARM

The instrument can signal an external alarm by activating the digital input with the function programmed as "i.Fi" = 4 or 9.

At the same time as the signalling of the configured alarm output, the instrument visualising **AL** and the variable set in parameter "i.dS" alternately on the display.

In alarm conditions with "i.Fi" = 9 all the control outputs will be off.

#### 4.10.3 - OPEN DOOR ALARM

The instrument can signal an open door alarm by activating the digital input with the function programmed as "i.Fi" = 5 or 6.

When the digital input is activated the instrument show **oP** and after the delay programmed in parameter "**A.oA**", the instrument signals the alarm via the activation of the configured alarm output (buzzer/output).

At the intervention of the open door alarm the inhibited output will be reactivated (fans or fans + compressor).

#### 4.11 - FUNCTIONING OF KEYS "U" AND "DOWN/AUX"

Two of the instrument keys, in addition to their normal functions, can be configured to operate other commands.

The U key function can be defined by the parameter "**t.UF**" while the DOWN/AUX key function can be defined by the parameter "**t.Fb**".

Both the parameters have the same possibilities and can be configured for the following functions:

= **oF** - The key carries out no function.

= **1** - Pressing the key for at least 1 second, it is possible to enable/disable the auxiliary output if configured ("o.Fo"=2).

= **2** - Pressing the key for at least 1 second, it is possible to enable/disable a continuous cycle.

= **3** - Pressing the key for at least 1 second, it is possible to select one of the 2 memorised set point in rotation. Once selection has been made, the display will flash the active set point code for about 1 sec. (SP, SP2).

= **4** - Pressing the key for at least 1 second, it is possible to switch the instrument from the ON status to Stand-by status and vice versa.

#### 4.12 - ACCESSORIES

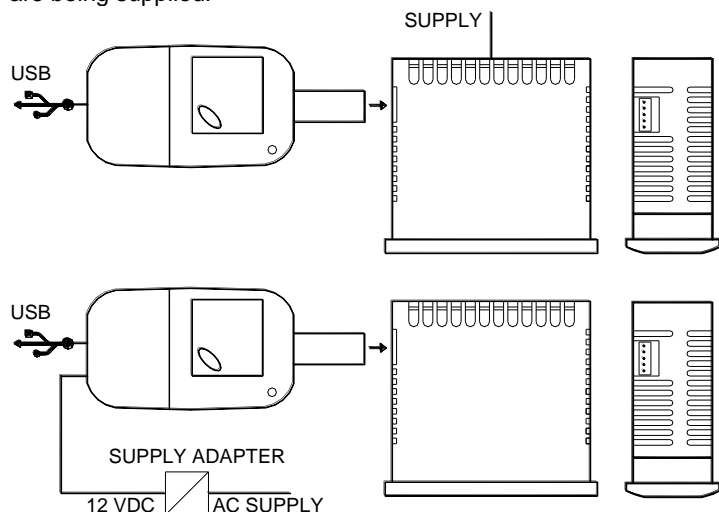
The instrument is equipped with a connector that allows the connection of some accessories described as follow.

##### 4.12.1 - PARAMETERS CONFIGURATION BY "A01"

It is possible the transfer from and toward the instrument of the functioning parameters through the device **A01** with 5 poles connector.

This device A01 it's mainly useable for the serial programming of the instruments which need to have the same parameters configuration or to keep a copy of the programming of an instrument and allow its rapid retransmission.

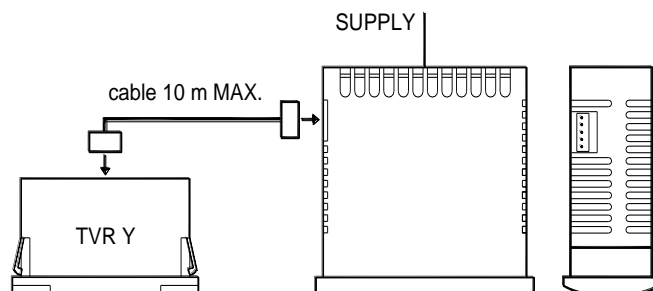
The same device can connect the instrument via USB to a PC and through the proper configuration software tools "TECNOLOGIC UniversalConf", it's possible to configure the operating parameters. To use the device A01 it's necessary that the device or instrument are being supplied.



For additional info, please consult the A01 instruction manual.

#### 4.12.2 - "TVRY" REMOTE DISPLAY

To the instrument it is possible to connect the remote display **TVR Y** through the special cable that can have a maximum length of 10 m. The device TVR Y, directly supplied by the instrument, it allows to visualize the temperature measured by the probe Pr1 through a 2 ½ digit display.



For additional info, please consult the TVR Y instruction manual.

#### 4.12.3 - RS 485 SERIAL INTERFACE BY "TLCNV"

The instrument can be connected by a special cable to the **TLCNV** device (mod. C - TTL/RS485 interface), by means of which it is possible to connect the regulator with a net to which other instruments (regulators of PLC) are connected, all depending typically on a personal computer used as plant supervisor.

Using a personal computer it is possible to acquire all the function information and to program all the instrument's configuration parameters.

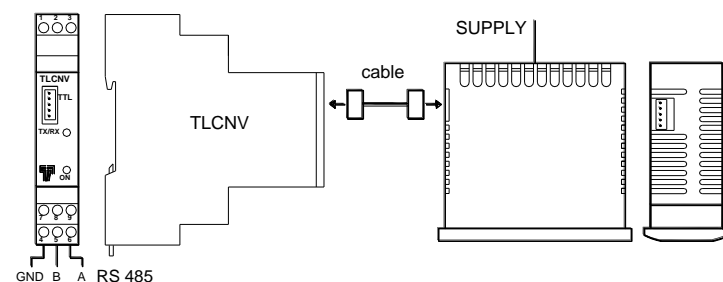
The software protocol adopted for the instrument is a MODBUS RTU type, widely used in several PLC and supervision programs available on the market (Y and Z series protocol manual is available on request).

If the instrument is used with TLCNV program by the parameter "**t.Ad**" the station Address.

Set a different number for each station, from 1 to 255.

**Note:** The baud-rate are fixed at 9600 baud.

TLCNV interface is directly supplied by the instrument.



For additional info, please consult the TLCNV instruction manual.

## 5 - PROGRAMMABLE PARAMETERS TABLE

Here below is a description of all the parameters available on the instrument. Some of them may not be present because depend on the model/type of instrument.

### S. - Set Point parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
1	<b>S.LS</b> Minimum Set Point	-99.9 ÷ HS	-50.0	
2	<b>S.HS</b> Maximum Set Point	LS ÷ 999	99.9	
3	<b>S.SA</b> Active Set Point	1 ÷ 2	1	
4	<b>SP</b> Set Point (1)	S.LS ÷ S.HS	0.0	
5	<b>SP2</b> Set Point 2	S.LS ÷ S.HS	0.0	

### i. - Inputs parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
6	<b>i.SE</b> Probes Type	Pt/nt	nt	
7	<b>i.uP</b> Unit of measurement and resolution (decimal point) C0 = °C with 1° res. F0 = °F with 1° res. C1 = °C with 0,1° res. F1 = °F with 0,1° res.	C0/F0/C1/F1	C1	
8	<b>i.Ft</b> Measurement filter	oF ÷ 20.0s	2.0	
9	<b>i.C1</b> Pr1 Probe Calibration	-30.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	0.0	
10	<b>i.C2</b> Pr2 Probe Calibration	-30.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	0.0	
11	<b>i.C3</b> Pr3 Probe Calibration	-30.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	0.0	
12	<b>i.CU</b> Measure offset on the display	-30.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	0.0	
13	<b>i.P2</b> Pr2 input function	oF / EP / Au / dG	EP	
14	<b>i.P3</b> Pr3 input function	oF / EP / Au / dG	dG	
15	<b>i.Fi</b> Function and function logic of digital input: 0 = No function 1 = Start defrost 2 = End defrost 3 = Continuous cycle 4 = External alarm 5 = Door open with fan stop 6 = Door open with fan and compressor stop 7 = Auxiliary output command 8 = Selection of active Set Point 9 = External alarm with deactivation of control outputs 10 = Switch on/Switch off (Stand-by) 11 = Selection of active Set Point and control action (SP-H, SP2-C)	-11 / -10 / -9 / -8 / -7 / -6 / -5 / -4 / -3 / -2 / -1 / 0 / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8 / 9 / 10 / 11	0	
16	<b>i.ti</b> Delay in acquiring digital input	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sec.x10)	oF	
17	<b>i.dS</b> Variable normally shown on display: oF=Display off P1= Pr1 measurement P2= Pr2 measurement P3= Pr3 measurement SP= Active Set Point	P1 / P2 / P3 / SP / oF	P1	

### r. - Temperature control parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
18	<b>r.d</b> Differential (Hysteresis)	0.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	2.0	
19	<b>r.t1</b> Output (ot) activation time for probe (Pr1) error	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
20	<b>r.t2</b> Output (ot) deactivation time for probe (Pr1) error	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
21	<b>r.HC</b> Output (ot) operating mode H= Heating C= Cooling	H - C	C	
22	<b>r.tC</b> Continuous cycle Time	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (hrs.min.) ÷ 99.5 (hrs.min.x10)	oF	

### d. - Defrosting control parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
23	<b>d.dt</b> Defrosting Type: EL = Electrical heating/ stop Compr. In = hot gas/ reverse cycle No = without compr. Output conditioning Et = Electrical heating with evaporator temperature control	EL / in / no / Et	EL	
24	<b>d.di</b> Defrosting interval	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (hrs.min.) ÷ 99.5 (hrs.min.x10)	6.00	
25	<b>d.Sd</b> Delay first defrost after power-on (oF = Defrost at power-on)	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (hrs.min.) ÷ 99.5 (hrs.min.x10)	6.00	
26	<b>d.dE</b> Length (max.) of defrost cycle	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	20.0	
27	<b>d.tE</b> Defrost stop temp.	- 99.9 ÷ 999 °C/°F	8.0	
28	<b>d.tS</b> Defrost enable temp. (d.dC = rt or ct) or start (d.dC=St)	- 99.9 ÷ 999 °C/°F	2.0	
29	<b>d.dC</b> Defrost starting mode: rt = real time intervals ct = "ot" output on time intervals cS = defrost every "ot" switching off (+ rt intervals) St = defrost for Pr2<"d.tS" (+ rt intervals) dd = "dynamic defrost intervals" (+ Pr2<"d.tS")	rt / ct / cS / St / dd	rt	
30	<b>d.dd</b> Dynamic Defrost Percentage reduction	0 ÷ 100 %	50	
31	<b>d.td</b> Compressor delay after defrost (drainage time)	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
32	<b>d.dL</b> Defrost display Lock OF = display free On = Lock on temp. Pr1 before defrost Lb = Lock on label dEF (during defrosting) and PdF (during post-defrosting)	oF / on / Lb	oF	

## F. - Evaporator fans control parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
33	<b>F.tn</b> Fan time activation with ot output (compressor) off	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	5.00	
34	<b>F.tF</b> Fan time deactivation with ot output (compressor) off	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
35	<b>F.FL</b> High temperature fan deactivation	- 99.9 ÷ 999 °C/°F	10.0	
36	<b>F.LF</b> Low temperature fan deactivation	-99.9 ÷ 999°C/°F	-99.9	
37	<b>F.dF</b> Differential fan control	0.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	1.0	
38	<b>F.FE</b> Fan during defrost	oF - on	oF	
39	<b>F.Fd</b> Fan delay after defrost	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	

## P - Compressor protection and power on delay parameters

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
40	<b>P.P1</b> Output "ot" delay at switch on	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
41	<b>P.P2</b> Output "ot" delay after switch off	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
42	<b>P.P3</b> Output "ot" delay between switching-on	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
43	<b>P.od</b> Delay outputs at power on	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	

## A. - parameters relative to alarms

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
44	<b>A.Ay</b> Temp. alarms Type: 1 = Pr1 absolute with label (Hi - Lo) 2 = Pr1 Relative with label (Hi - Lo) 3 = "Au" absolute with label (Hi - Lo) 4 = "Au" Relative with label (Hi - Lo) 5 = Pr1 absolute no label 6 = Pr1 relative no label 7 = "Au" absolute no label 8 = "Au" relative no label	1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8	1	
45	<b>A.HA</b> High temperature Alarm threshold	oF / -99.9 ÷ 999 °C/°F	oF	
46	<b>A.LA</b> Low temperature Alarm threshold	oF / -99.9 ÷ 999 °C/°F	oF	
47	<b>A.Ad</b> Temperature Alarms Differential	0.0 ÷ 30.0°C/°F	1.0	
48	<b>A.At</b> Temperature Alarms delay	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	
49	<b>A.tA</b> Alarm memory	oF - on	oF	
50	<b>A.PA</b> Temperature Alarms delay at power on	oF/0.01 ÷ 9.59 (hrs.min.) ÷ 99.5 (hrs.min.x10)	2.00	
51	<b>A.dA</b> Temperature Alarms delay after defrost and continuous cycle, and unlock display delay after defrost	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (hrs.min.) ÷ 99.5 (hrs.min.x10)	1.00	
52	<b>A.oA</b> Alarm delay with door open	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	3.00	

## o. - parameters relative to configuration of outputs and buzzer

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
53	<b>o.o1</b> OUT1 function: oF= No function ot= Temp. control (compressor) dF= Defrosting Fn= fan Au= Auxiliary At= Silenceable alarm AL= Not silenceable Alarm An= Stored alarm on= on when instrument switched on	oF/ot/dF/ Fn/Au/At/ AL/An/ -At/ -AL/ -An /on	ot	
54	<b>o.o2</b> OUT2 function: see "o.o1"	oF/ot/dF/ Fn/Au/At/ AL/An/ -At/ -AL/ -An /on	dF	
55	<b>o.o3</b> OUT3 function: see "o.o1"	oF/ot/dF/ Fn/Au/At/ AL/An/ -At/ -AL/ -An /on	Fn	
56	<b>o.bu</b> Buzzer function mode oF = disable 1 = active alarms only 2 = key pressed only 3 = active alarms and key pressed	oF / 1 / 2 / 3	3	
57	<b>o.Fo</b> Function mode auxiliary output: oF= No Function 1= control output "ot" delayed 2= manual activation by key or digital input. 3 = light with economy mode (on with "SP" and off with "SP2") 4 = internal light (off with door closed and on with door opened)	oF / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4	oF	
58	<b>o.tu</b> Time relative to auxiliary output	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s) ÷ 99.5 (min.sx10)	oF	

## t. - parameters relative to configuration of the keyboard

Par.	Description	Range	Def.	Note
59	<b>t.UF</b> Function mode key U: oF= No function 1= Auxiliary output command 2= Continuous cycle command 3= Selection of active Set Point (+ light off-economy mode) 4= Switch on/off (Stand-by)	oF / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4	oF	
60	<b>t.Fb</b> Function mode key Down/Aux: see "t.UF"	oF / 1 / 2 / 3 / 4	oF	
61	<b>t.Lo</b> Keyboard lock function delay	oF/ 0.01 ÷ 9.59 (min.s ) ÷ 30.0 (min.sx10)	oF	
62	<b>t.PP</b> Access Password to parameter functions	oF ÷ 999	oF	
63	<b>t.AS</b> MODBUS Station address (for serial communication)	0 ÷ 255	1	

## 6.1 - SIGNALLING

Error	Reason	Action
<b>E1 -E1</b> <b>E2 -E2</b> <b>E3 -E3</b>	The probe may be interrupted (E) or in short circuit (-E), or may measure a value outside the range allowed	Check the correct connection of the probe with the instrument and check the probe works correctly
<b>EPr</b>	Internal EEPROM memory error	Press key P
<b>Err</b>	Fatal memory error	Replace the instrument or ship to factory for repair

## Other Signalling:

Message	Reason
<b>od</b>	Delay at power-on in progress
<b>Ln</b>	Keyboard lock
<b>Hi</b>	Maximum temperature alarm in progress
<b>Lo</b>	Minimum temperature alarm in progress
<b>AL</b>	Digital input alarm in progress
<b>oP</b>	Door opened
<b>dEF</b>	Defrosting in progress with "d.dL"=Lb
<b>PdF</b>	Post-defrosting in progress with "d.dL"=Lb
<b>CC</b>	Continuous Cycle in progress

## 6.2 - CLEANING

We recommend cleaning of the instrument only with a slightly wet cloth using water and not abrasive cleaners or solvents.

## 6.3 - WARRANTY AND REPAIRS

The instrument is under warranty against manufacturing flaws or faulty material, that are found within 18 months from delivery date.

The guarantee is limited to repairs or to the replacement of the instrument.

The eventual opening of the housing, the violation of the instrument or the improper use and installation of the product will bring about the immediate withdrawal of the warranty's effects.

In the event of a faulty instrument, either within the period of warranty, or further to its expiry, please contact our sales department to obtain authorisation for sending the instrument to our company.

The faulty product must be shipped to Ascon Tecnologic with a detailed description of the faults found, without any fees or charge for Ascon Tecnologic, except in the event of alternative agreements.

## 7.1 - ELECTRICAL DATA

Power supply: 12 VAC/VDC, 12...24 VAC/VDC, 100...240 VAC  $\pm 10\%$

Frequency AC: 50/60 Hz

Power consumption: 4 VA approx.

Input/s: 3 inputs for temperature probes: PTC (KTY 81-121, 990 $\Omega$  @ 25°C) or NTC (103AT-2, 10k $\Omega$  @ 25°C); 1 digital input for free voltage contacts (alternative to Pr3 input)

Output/s: up to 3 relay outputs

	EN 61810	EN 60730	UL 60730
Out1 - SPST-NO - 16A - 1HP 250V, 1/2HP 125 VAC	16 (9) A	10 (4) A	12 A Res., 30 LRA, 5 FLA
Out2 - SPDT - 8A - 1/2HP 250V, 1/3HP 125 VAC	8 (3) A	4 (4) A	4 A Res.
Out3 - SPST-NO - 5A - 1/8HP 250V, 1/10HP 125 VAC	5 (2) A	2 (2) A	2 A Res.

16 A max. for common (pin. 1), 12 A max. for extractable terminal block model

Electrical life for relay outputs: 100000 op. (EN60730)

Action type: type 1.B (EN 60730-1)

Overvoltage category: II

Protection class: Class II

Insulation: Reinforced insulation between the low voltage part (supply H type and relay output) and front panel; Reinforced insulation between the low voltage section (supply H type and relay output) and the extra low voltage section (inputs); Reinforced between supply and relay output; No insulation between supply F or G type and inputs.

## 7.2 - MECHANICAL DATA

Housing: Self-extinguishing plastic, UL 94 V0

Heat and fire resistance category: D

Ball Pressure Test secondo EN60730: accessible parts 75°C; support live parts 125°C

Dimensions: 78 x 35 mm, depth 64 mm

Weight: 130 g approx.

Mounting: Incorporated Flush in panel (thickness 12 mm max.) in 71 x 29 mm hole

Connections: 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> screw terminals block or 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> extractable screw terminals block for 0.2... 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> / AWG 24...14 cables.

Degree of front panel protection: IP 65 (NEMA 3S) mounted in panel with gasket

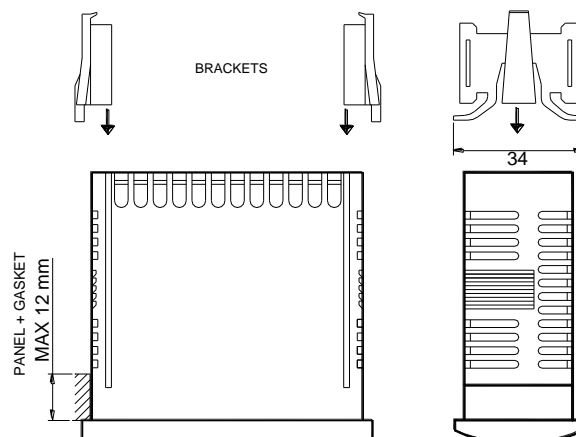
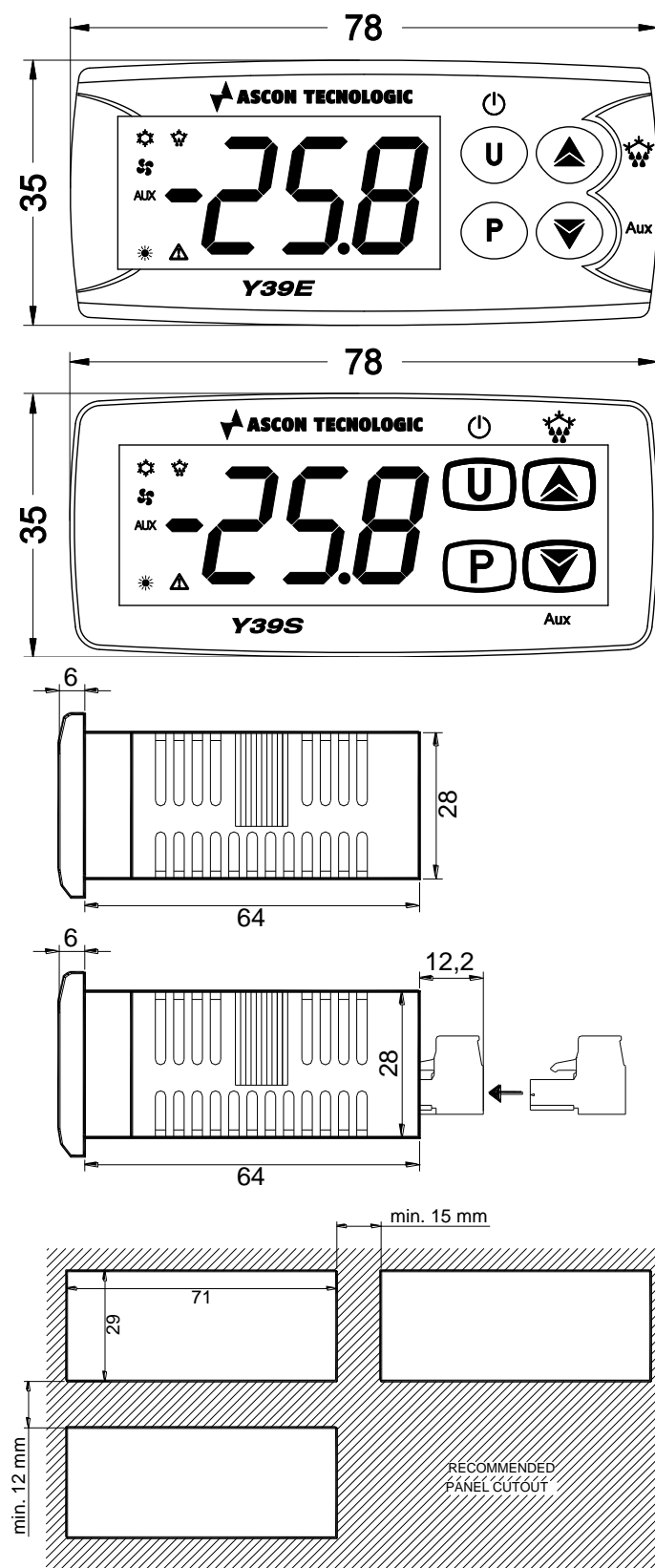
Pollution situation: 2

Operating temperature: 0... 50°C

Operating humidity: < 95 RH% without condensation

Storage temperature: -25... +60 °C

### 7.3 - MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS, PANEL CUT-OUT AND MOUNTING [mm]



### 7.4 - FUNCTIONAL FEATURES

Temperature Control: ON/OFF mode

Defrost control: interval cycles or evaporator temperature by Electric Heating /stopping compressor or hot-gas / reverse cycle

Measurement range: NTC: -50...109 °C / -58...228 °F; PTC: -50...150 °C / -58 ... 302 °F

Display resolution: 1 ° or 0,1°

Overall accuracy: +/- (0,5 % fs + 1 digit)

Sampling rate: 130 ms.

Display: 3 Digit Red (Blue optional) h 15,5 mm

Software class and structure : Class A

Compliance: Directive 2004/108/CE (EN55022: class B; EN61000-4-2: 8KV air, 4KV cont.; EN61000-4-3: 10V/m; EN61000-4-4: 2KV supply and relay outputs, 1KV inputs; EN61000-4-5: supply 2KV com. mode, 1 KV\ diff. mode; EN61000-4-6: 3V);

Directive 2006/95/CE (EN 60730-1, EN 60730-2-9).

Regulation 37/2005/CE (EN13485 air, S, A, 2,- 50°C +90°C with probe NTC 103AT11).

## 7.5 - INSTRUMENT ORDERING CODE

**Y39-** (instrument with mechanical keyboard )

**Y39S** (instrument with Sensitive Touch keyboard )

**a b c d e f g h i j k k II**

### **a : POWER SUPPLY**

**H** = Supply 100..240 VAC

**G** = Supply 12..24 VAC/VDC

**F** = Supply 12 VAC/VDC

### **b : OUT1**

**R** = Out1 Relay SPST-NO 16A

### **c : OUT2**

**R** = Out2 Relay SPDT 8A

- = (No)

### **d : OUT3**

**R** = Out3 Relay SPST-NO 5A

- = (No)

### **e: BUZZER**

**B** = Buzzer

- = (No)

### **f : TERMINAL BLOCK**

- = (Standard)

**E** = Extractable

### **g : DISPLAY**

- = Red

**B** = Blue

### **h, i, j : INTERNAL CODES**

### **kk, II : SPECIAL CODES**





